

Low-Cost, Mono/Stereo, 1 W Differential Audio Power Amplifiers

■ General Description

The LN4890 is an audio power amplifier primarily designed for demanding applications in mobile phones and other portable communication device applications. It is capable of delivering 1 watt of continuous average power to an 8Ω BTL load with less than 1% distortion (THD+N) from a 5V DC power supply. Boomer audio power amplifiers were designed specifically to provide high quality output power with a minimal amount of external components. The LN4890 does not require output coupling capacitors or bootstrap capacitors, and therefore is ideally suited for mobile phone and other low voltage applications where minimal power consumption is a primary requirement.

The LN4890 features a low-power consumption shutdown mode, which is achieved by driving the shutdown pin with logic low. Additionally, the LN4890 features an internal thermal shutdown protection mechanism. The LN4890 contains advanced pop & click circuitry which eliminates noises which would otherwise occur during turn-on and turn-off transitions. The LN4890 is unity-gain stable and can be configured by external gain-setting resistors.

■ Key Specifications

- PSRR @ $f_{IN} = 217\text{Hz}$, VDD = 5V 62dB(typ.)
- Power Output@VDD= 5.0V &1% THD 1W(typ.)
- Power Output @VDD=3.3V &1% THD 400mW(typ.)
- Shutdown Current 0.1μA(typ.)

■ Features

- Available in space-saving packages: micro SMD, MSOP, SOIC, and LLP
- Ultra low current shutdown mode
- BTL output can drive capacitive loads
- Improved pop & click circuitry eliminates noises

■ Operating Ratings

Temperature Range

TMIN ≤ TA ≤ TMAX ----- -40°C ≤ TA ≤ 85°C

Supply Voltage ----- 2.2V ≤ VDD ≤ 5.2V

during turn-on and turn-off transitions

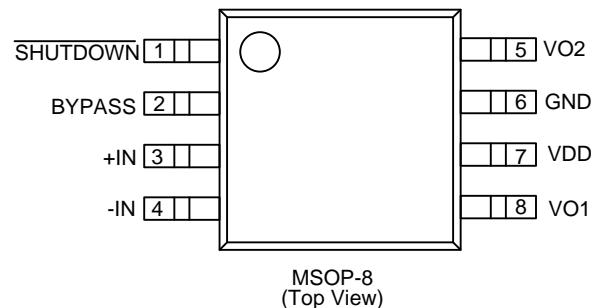
- 2.2 - 5.2V operation
- No output coupling capacitors, snubber networks or bootstrap capacitors required
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Unity-gain stable
- External gain configuration capability

■ Applications

- Mobile Phones
- PDAs
- Portable electronic devices

■ Package

- MSOP-8

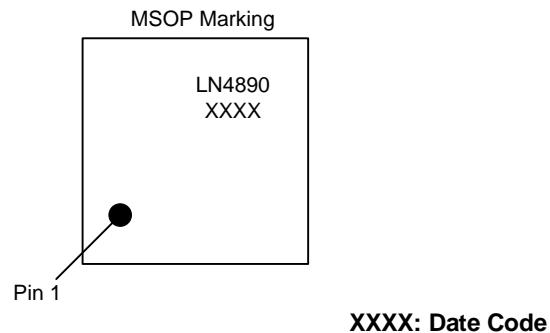


■ Ordering Information

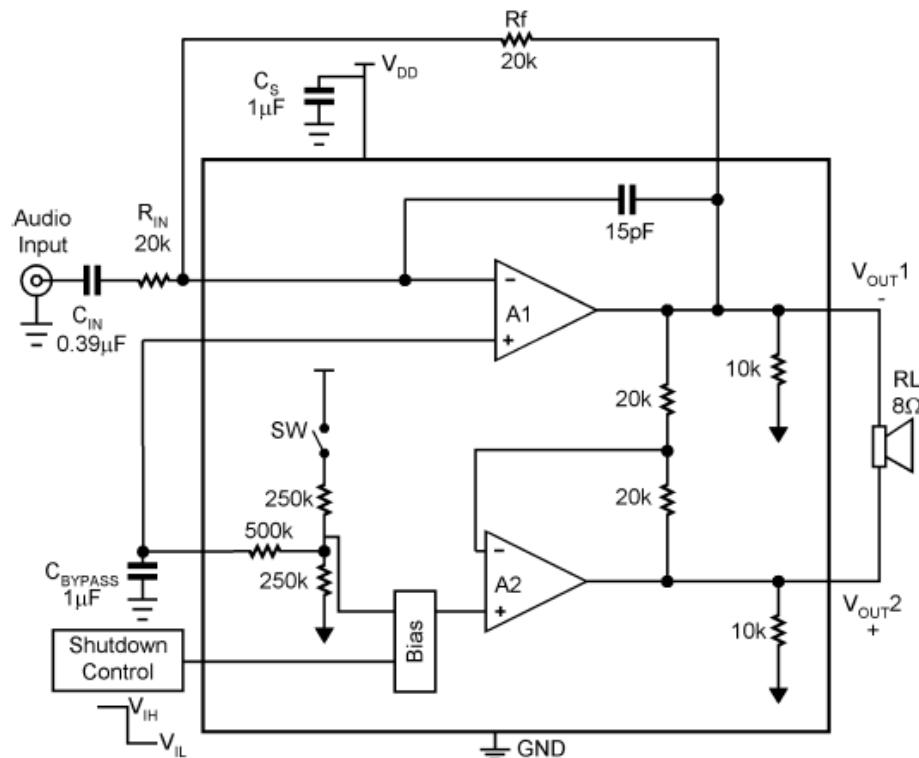
Ordering Number	Package
LN4890MM	MSOP-8

■ Marking Rule

- MSOP-8



■ Function Block Diagram



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3—5.2	V
Input Voltage	VIN	-0.3—VDD+0.3	V
Operation Temperature	T _{opr}	-40—85	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-65—150	°C
ESD Susceptibility	-	2000	V

■ Electrical Characteristics

(VDD = 5V Unless otherwise specified. Limits apply for TA = 25°C.)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{DD}	Quiescent Power Supply Current	VIN = 0V, $I_o = 0A$, No Load	—	4	8	mA
		VIN = 0V, $I_o = 0A$, 8Ω Load	—	5	10	mA
I_{SD}	Shutdown Current	$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 0V$	—	0.1	2	μA
V_{SDIH}	Shutdown Voltage Input High		1.2	—	—	V
V_{SDIL}	Shutdown Voltage Input Low		—	—	0.4	V
V_{os}	Output Offset Voltage		—	7	50	mV
$R_{OUT-GND}$	Resistor Output to GND		7.0	8.5	9.7	kΩ
P_o	Output Power (8Ω)	THD = 2% (max); $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ 8Ω Load	0.8	1.0	—	W
T_{wu}	Wake-up time		—	170	220	ms
T_{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature		150	170	190	°C
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion+Noise	$P_o = 0.4\text{ W rms}$; $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	—	0.1	—	%
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f=217\text{ Hz}$	55	62	—	dB
		$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f=1\text{ kHz}$		66		
T_{SDT}	Shut Down Time	8Ω Load	—	1.0	—	ms

(VDD = 3V Unless otherwise specified. Limits apply for TA = 25°C.)

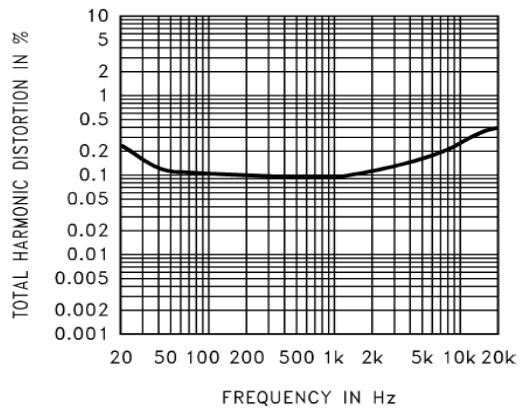
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{DD}	Quiescent Power Supply Current	VIN = 0V, $I_o = 0A$, No Load	—	3.5	7	mA
		VIN = 0V, $I_o = 0A$, 8Ω Load	—	4.5	9	mA
I_{SD}	Shutdown Current	$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 0V$	—	0.1	2	μA
V_{SDIH}	Shutdown Voltage Input High		1.2	—	—	V
V_{SDIL}	Shutdown Voltage Input Low		—	—	0.4	V
V_{OS}	Output Offset Voltage		—	7	50	mV
$R_{OUT-GND}$	Resistor Output to GND		7.0	8.5	9.7	kΩ
P_o	Output Power (8Ω)	THD = 2% (max); $f = 1\text{ kHz}$ 8Ω Load	0.28	0.31	—	W
T_{WU}	Wake-up time		—	170	220	ms
T_{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature		150	170	190	°C
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion+Noise	$P_o = 0.4\text{ W rms}$; $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	—	0.1	—	%
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f = 217\text{ Hz}$	45	56	—	dB
		$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		62		

(VDD = 3V Unless otherwise specified. Limits apply for TA = 25°C.)

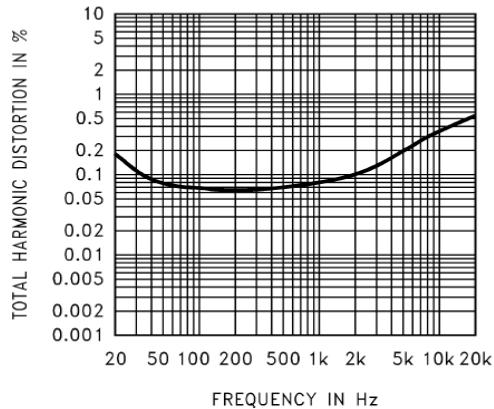
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{DD}	Quiescent Power Supply Current	VIN = 0V, $I_o = 0A$, No Load	—	2.6	5.5	mA
I_{SD}		$V_{SHUTDOWN} = 0V$	—	0.1	2	μA
P_o	Output Power (8Ω)	THD = 1% (max); $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		0.2	—	W
				0.22		
THD+N	Total Harmonic Distortion+Noise	$P_o = 0.1\text{ W rms}$; $f = 1\text{ kHz}$	—	0.08	—	%
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f = 217\text{ Hz}$	—	44	—	dB
		$V_{ripple} = 200\text{ mV}_{\text{sine p-p}}$ $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		44		

■ Typical Performance Characteristics

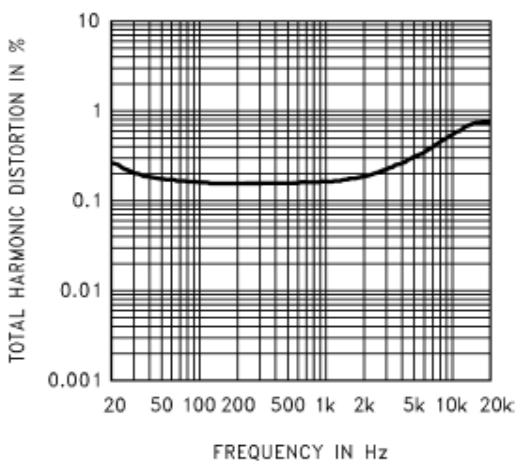
THD+N vs Frequency
at $V_{DD} = 5V$, $8\Omega R_L$, and PWR = 250mW, $A_V = 2$



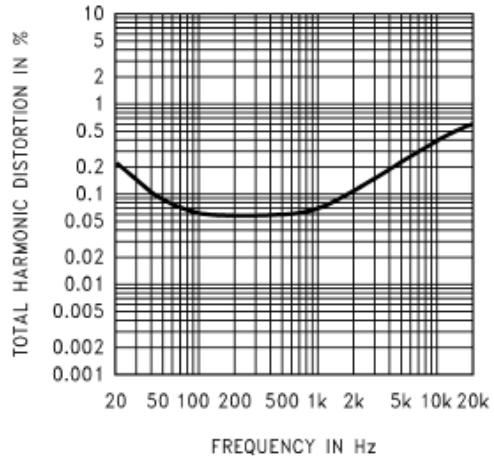
THD+N vs Frequency
at $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $8\Omega R_L$, and PWR = 150mW, $A_V = 2$



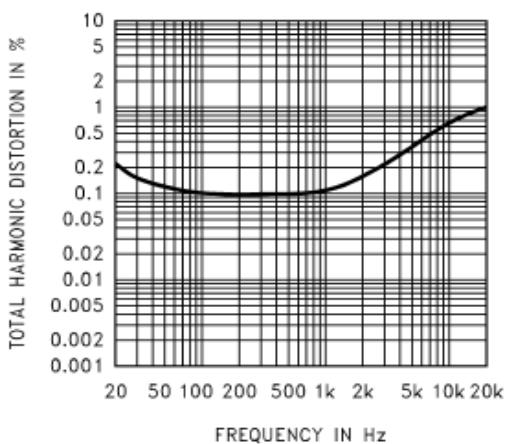
THD+N vs Frequency
at $V_{DD} = 3V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, PWR = 250mW, $A_V = 2$



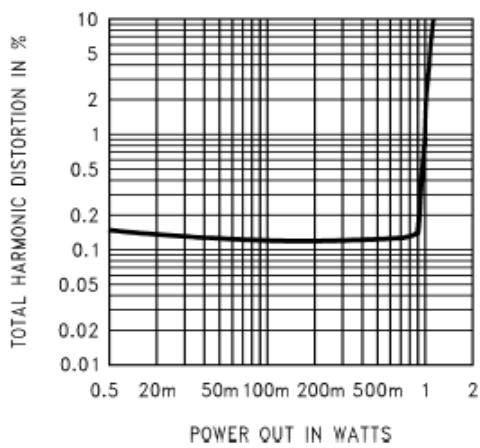
THD+N vs Frequency
@ $V_{DD} = 2.6V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, PWR = 100mW, $A_V = 2$



THD+N vs Frequency
@ $V_{DD} = 2.6V$, $R_L = 4\Omega$, PWR = 100mW, $A_V = 2$

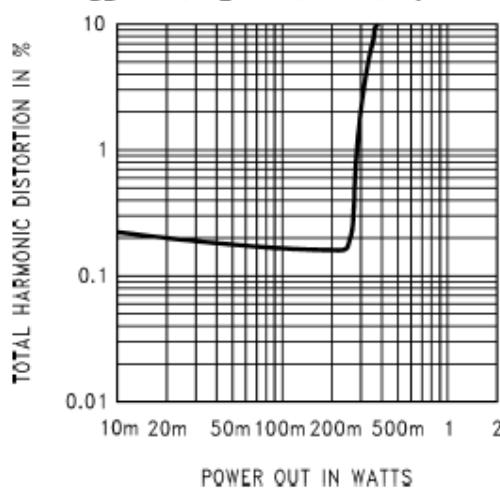


THD+N vs Power Out
@ $V_{DD} = 5V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, 1kHz, $A_V = 2$



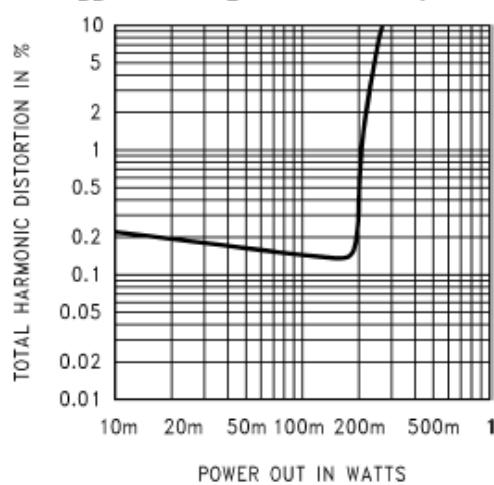
THD+N vs Power Out

@ $V_{DD} = 3V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, 1kHz, $A_V = 2$



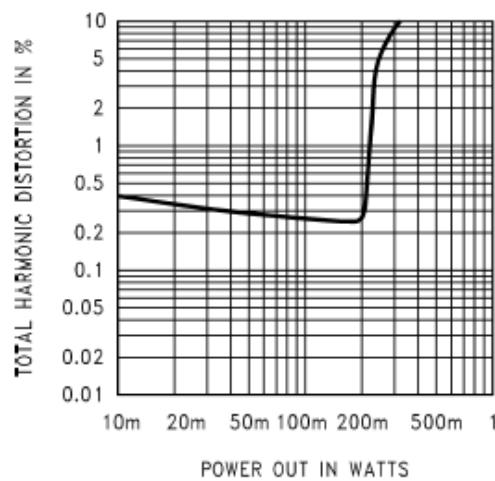
THD+N vs Power Out

@ $V_{DD} = 2.6V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, 1kHz, $A_V = 2$



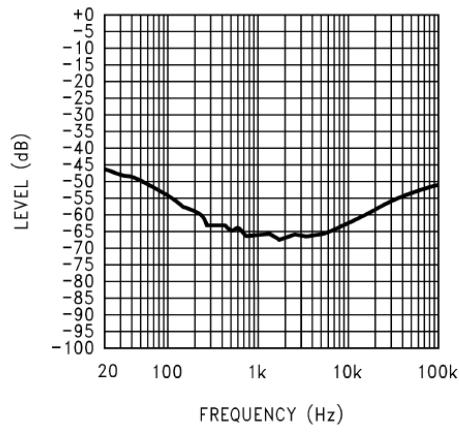
THD+N vs Power Out

@ $V_{DD} = 2.6V$, $R_L = 4\Omega$, 1kHz, $A_V = 2$



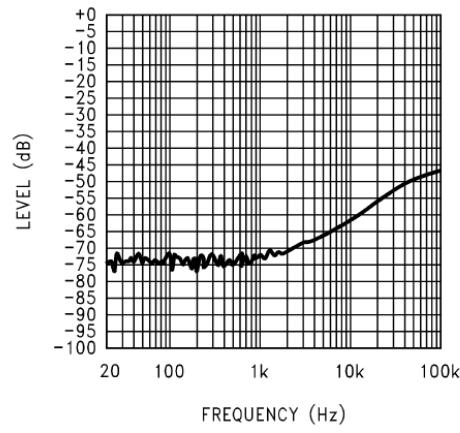
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$

$V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = 10\Omega$

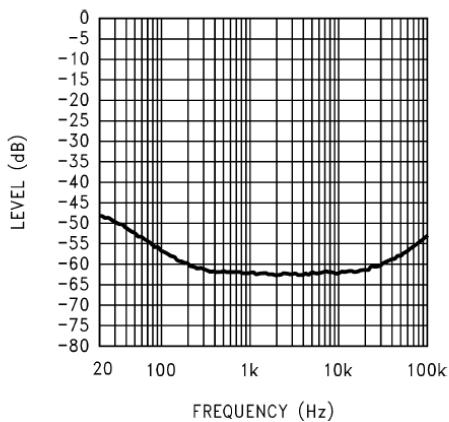


Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$

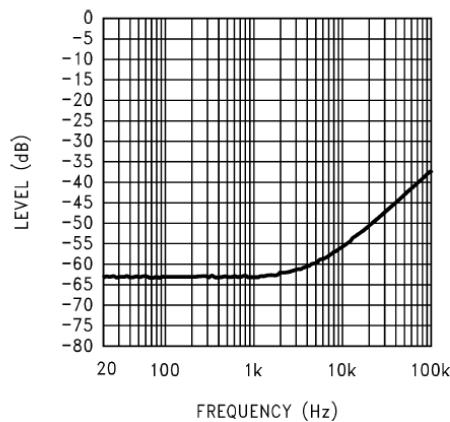
$V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = \text{Float}$



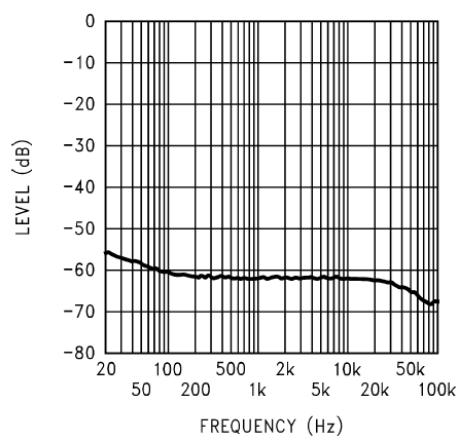
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = 10\Omega$



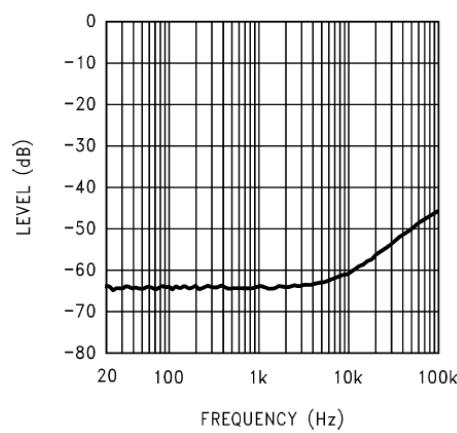
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = \text{Float}$



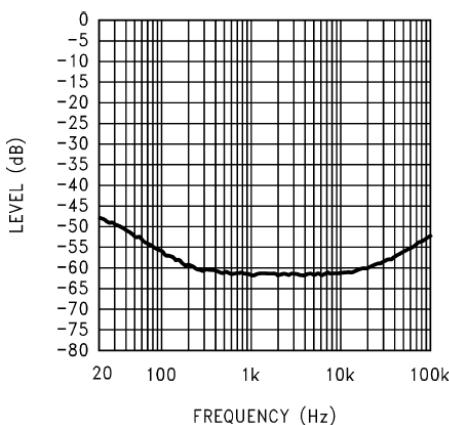
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = 10\Omega$



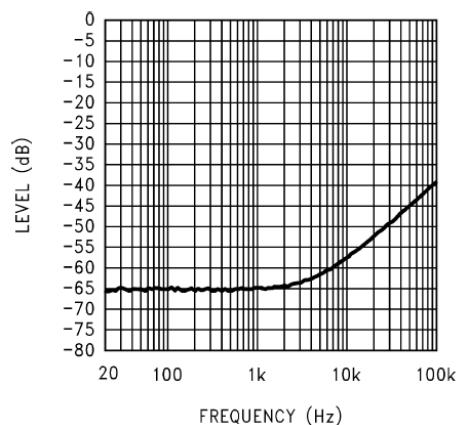
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = \text{Float}$



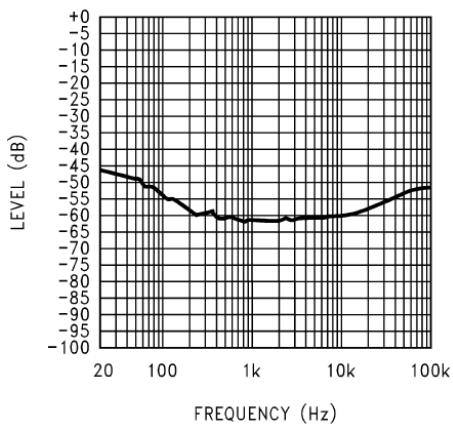
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
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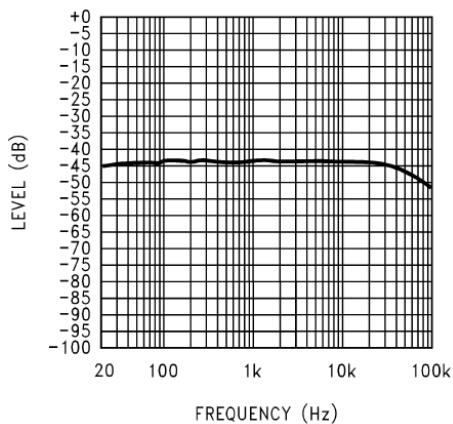
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
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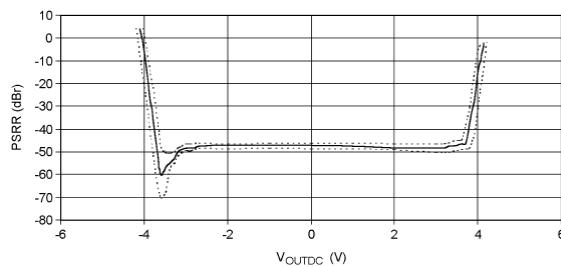
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 3.3V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = 10\Omega$



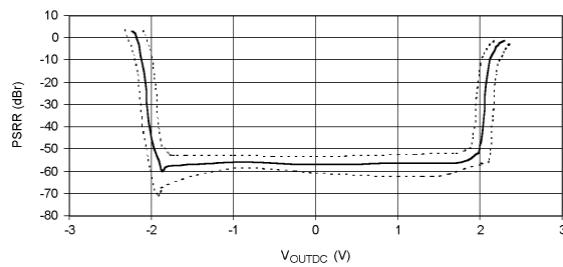
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR) @ $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 2.6V$, $V_{ripple} = 200mVp-p$,
 $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_{IN} = 10\Omega$



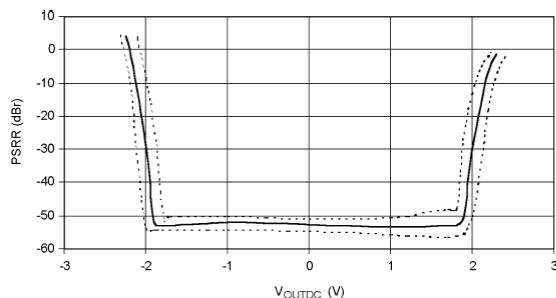
PSRR vs DC Output Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, $A_V = 10$



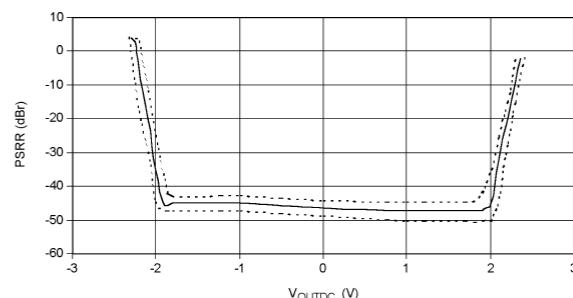
PSRR vs DC Output Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $A_V = 2$



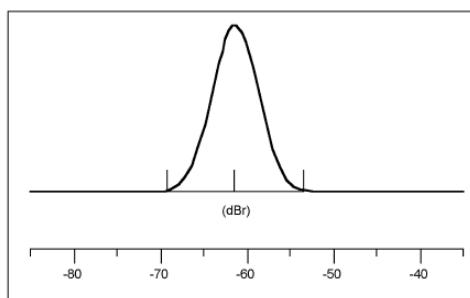
PSRR vs DC Output Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $A_V = 4$



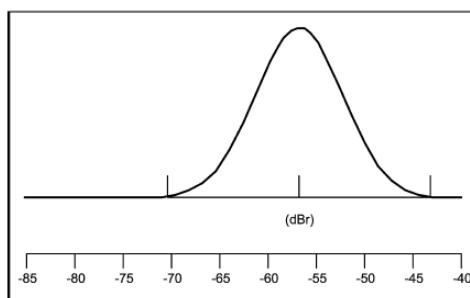
PSRR vs DC Output Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, $A_V = 10$



PSRR Distribution $V_{DD} = 5V$
217Hz, 200mVp-p,
-30, +25, and +80°C

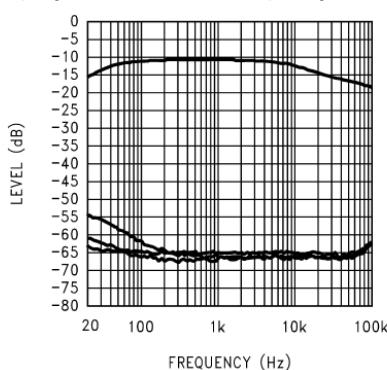


PSRR Distribution $V_{DD} = 3V$
217Hz, 200mVp-p,
-30, +25, and +80°C



**Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs
Bypass Capacitor Size**

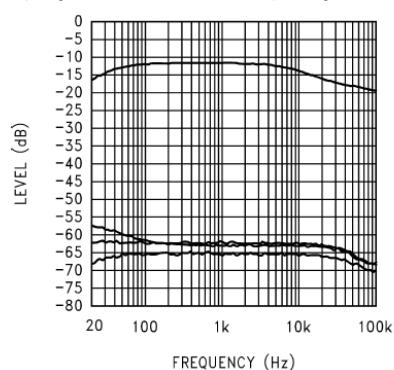
$V_{DD} = 5V$, Input Grounded = 10Ω , Output Load = 8Ω



Top Trace = No Cap, Next Trace Down = 1μf
Next Trace Down = 2μf, Bottom Trace = 4.7μf

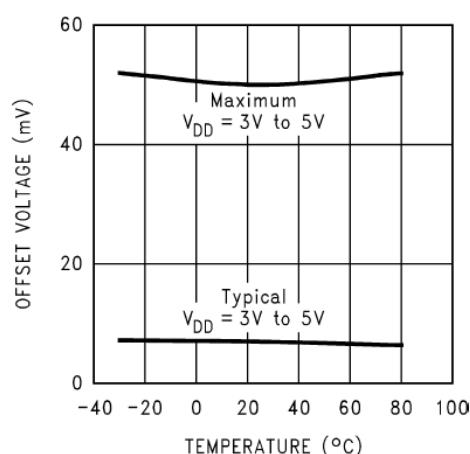
**Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs
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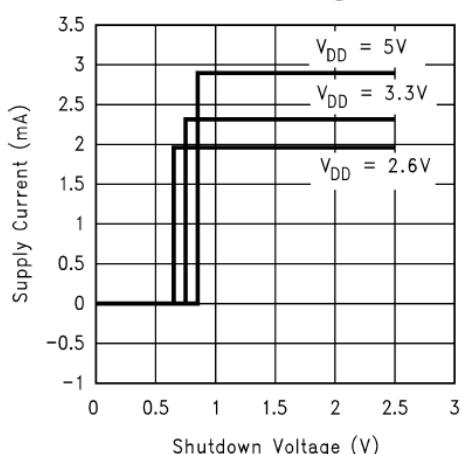


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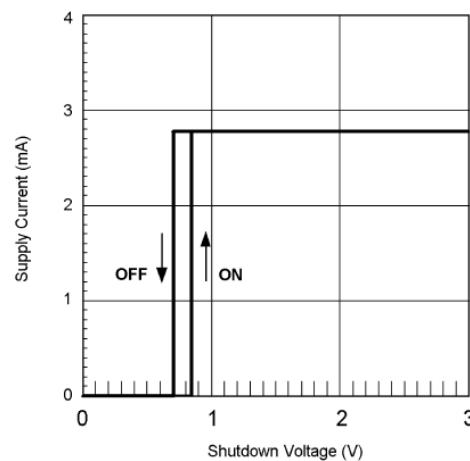
Output Offset Voltage



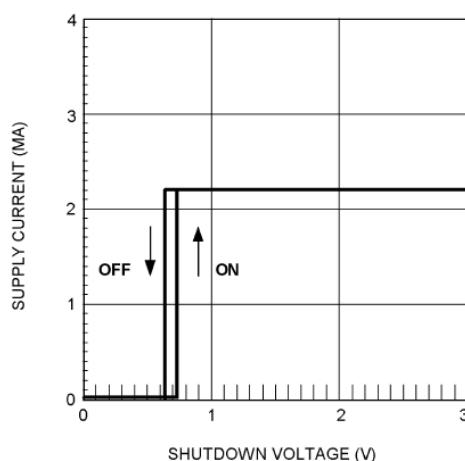
**Supply Current
vs Shutdown Voltage**



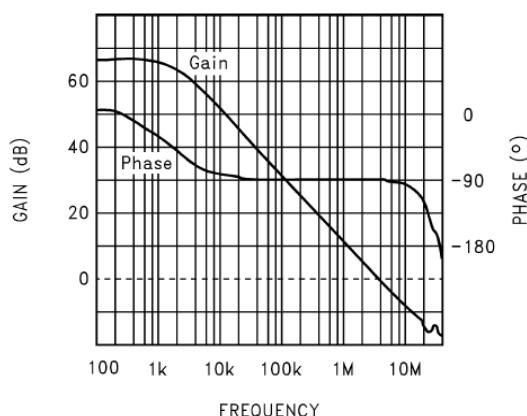
Shutdown Hysteresis Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 5V$



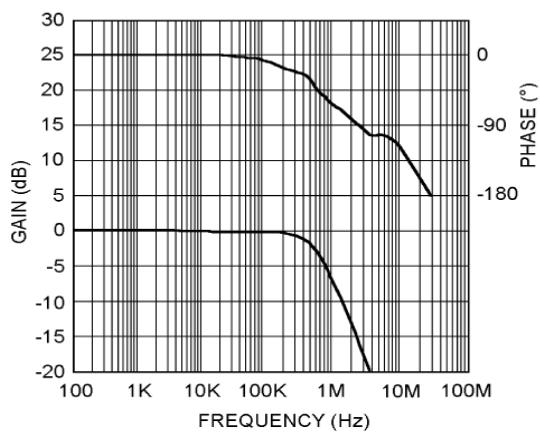
Shutdown Hysteresis Voltage
 $V_{DD} = 3V$



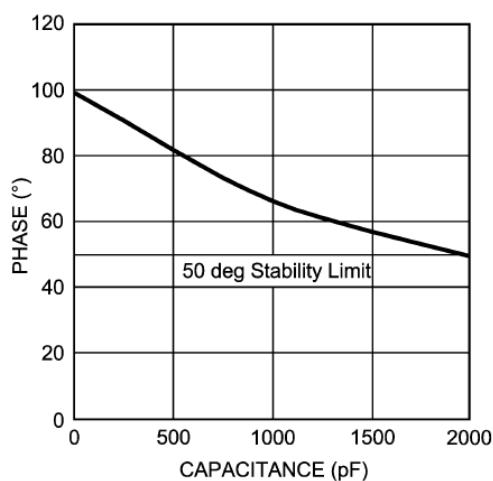
Open Loop Frequency Response
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, No Load



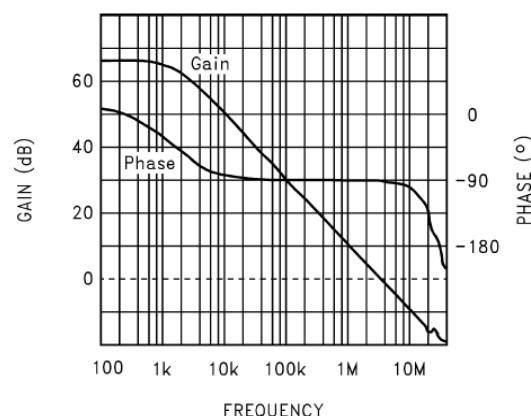
Gain / Phase Response, $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, 8Ω Load, $C_{LOAD} = 500pF$



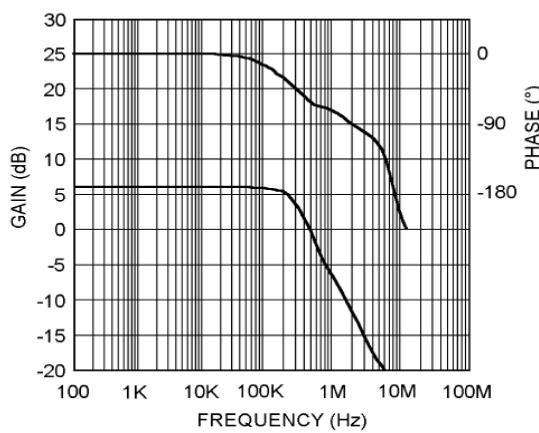
Phase Margin vs C_{LOAD} , $A_V = 2$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, 8Ω Load
Capacitance to gnd on each output



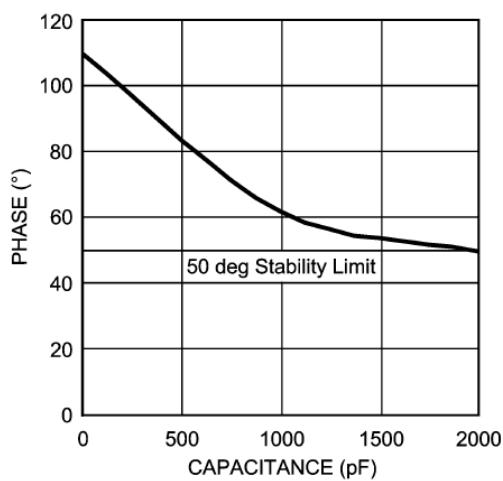
Open Loop Frequency Response
 $V_{DD} = 3V$, No Load



Gain / Phase Response, $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, 8Ω Load, $C_{LOAD} = 500pF$

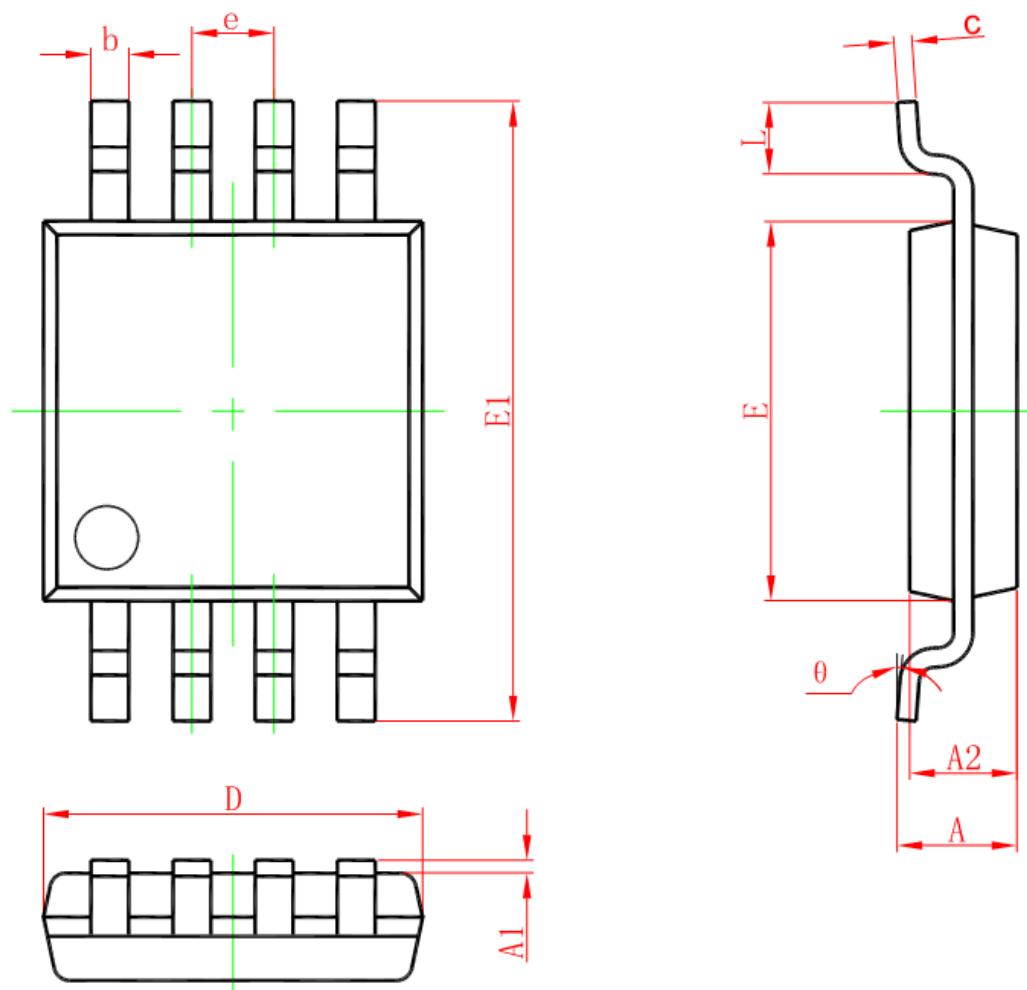


Phase Margin vs C_{LOAD} , $A_V = 4$
 $V_{DD} = 5V$, 8Ω Load
Capacitance to gnd on each output



■ Package Information

- MSOP-8



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.006
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
c	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
e	0.650(BSC)		0.026(BSC)	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°